Anderson township, Hamilton County, Ohio

S1501 EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Subject	Anderson township, namitton County, Onio						
	Т	Total		Male		Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Population 18 to 24 years	2,323	+/-322	1,273	+/-249	1,050	+/-218	
Less than high school graduate	16.5%	+/-5.2	20.2%	+/-6.6	12.0%	+/-6.8	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	28.0%	+/-7.2	33.0%	+/-9.8	21.9%	+/-7.9	
Some college or associate's degree	39.5%	+/-7.1	39.0%	+/-10.0	40.2%	+/-9.7	
Bachelor's degree or higher	16.0%	+/-5.8	7.9%	+/-4.7	25.9%	+/-10.7	
Population 25 years and over	29,416	+/-444	13,748	+/-349	15,668	+/-366	
Less than 9th grade	0.8%	+/-0.3	1.0%	+/-0.5	0.7%	+/-0.3	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2.7%	+/-0.7	3.3%	+/-1.1	2.1%	+/-0.8	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	16.0%	+/-1.5	13.4%	+/-2.0	18.3%	+/-1.9	
Some college, no degree	19.3%	+/-1.5	18.2%	+/-2.1	20.2%	+/-1.9	
Associate's degree	7.2%	+/-1.0	6.7%	+/-1.6	7.6%	+/-1.4	
Bachelor's degree	33.5%	+/-2.1	35.0%	+/-2.7	32.2%	+/-2.7	
Graduate or professional degree	20.5%	+/-1.6	22.3%	+/-1.9	18.9%	+/-2.0	
Percent high school graduate or higher	96.5%	+/-0.8	95.7%	+/-1.2	97.2%	+/-0.9	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	54.1%	+/-2.1	57.4%	+/-2.7	51.1%	+/-2.5	
Population 25 to 34 years	3,717	+/-474	1,667	+/-220	2,050	+/-300	
High school graduate or higher	96.8%	+/-1.8	96.3%	+/-3.0	97.2%	+/-2.2	
Bachelor's degree or higher	57.4%	+/-6.1	50.2%	+/-8.1	63.3%	+/-8.3	
Population 35 to 44 years	5,609	+/-371	2,693	+/-216	2,916	+/-230	
High school graduate or higher	97.7%	+/-1.9	97.5%	+/-2.5	97.9%	+/-2.5	
Bachelor's degree or higher	60.2%	+/-4.2	60.0%	+/-5.1	60.4%	+/-5.5	
Population 45 to 64 years	13,625	+/-389	6,518	+/-244	7,107	+/-250	
High school graduate or higher	97.6%	+/-0.9	96.7%	+/-1.5	98.5%	+/-0.8	
Bachelor's degree or higher	57.7%	+/-3.1	61.4%	+/-3.9	54.3%	+/-3.7	
Population 65 years and over	6,465	+/-387	2,870	+/-233	3,595	+/-284	
High school graduate or higher	92.8%	+/-2.4	91.4%	+/-4.0	94.0%	+/-2.2	
Bachelor's degree or higher	39.1%	+/-3.8	49.9%	+/-5.2	30.5%	+/-4.5	
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT LEVEL							
Less than high school graduate	18.9%	+/-10.6	12.4%	+/-10.9	28.0%	+/-17.1	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	10.0%	+/-3.7	8.8%	+/-5.7	10.8%	+/-4.4	
Some college or associate's degree	6.4%	+/-2.2	4.9%	+/-2.6	7.6%	+/-2.8	
Bachelor's degree or higher	2.0%	+/-0.7	0.8%	+/-0.7	3.1%	+/-1.3	
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2014 INFLATION- ADJUSTED DOLLARS)							
Population 25 years and over with earnings	52,660	+/-2,012	71,838	+/-3,315	41,122	+/-2,892	
Less than high school graduate	20,885	+/-11,220	31,875	+/-22,329	13,516	+/-8,971	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	28,016	+/-3,660	31,350	+/-8,649	26,080	+/-5,849	
Some college or associate's degree	43,510	+/-4,109	56,283	+/-6,710	36,052	+/-2,830	
Bachelor's degree	58,298	+/-5,397	77,441	+/-8,387	44,750	+/-6,103	
Graduate or professional degree	80,585	+/-6,691	108,254	+/-10,480	55,803	+/-4,376	
PERCENT IMPUTED							
Educational attainment	2.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An *** entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+ following a median estimate means the median falls in the torper interval of an open-ended distribution. An '+*interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An '**** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An '**** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the frue value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2010-2014 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.